

Flux Quantization in F-theory and Freed-Witten anomaly

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String-Math, Bonn,
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Based on work with A. Collinucci,
arXiv: 1011.6388 , 1203.4542

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FW anomaly cancellation

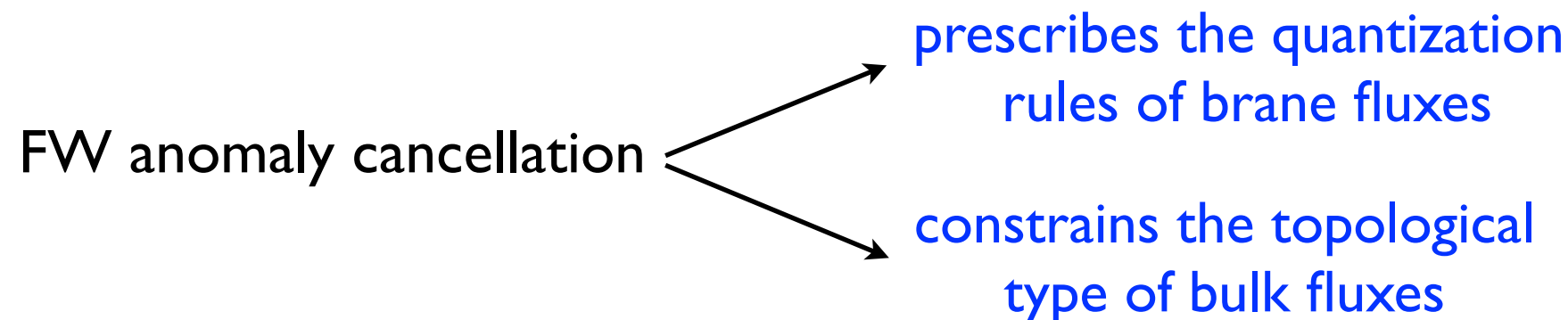
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FW anomaly cancellation  **prescribes the quantization rules of brane fluxes**

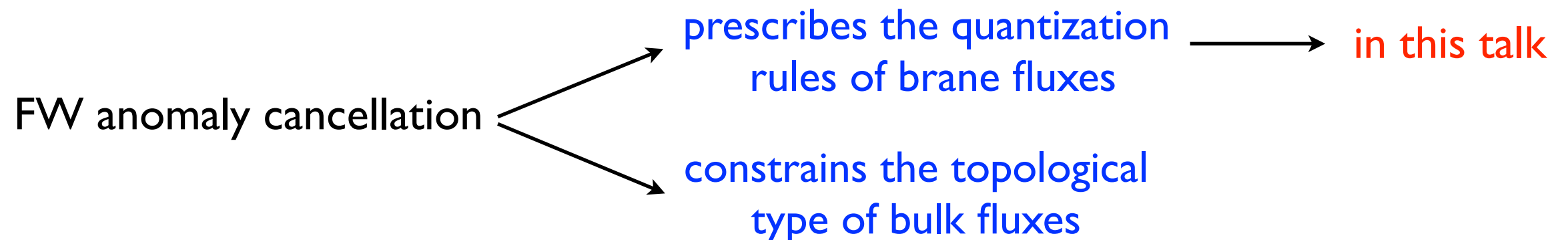
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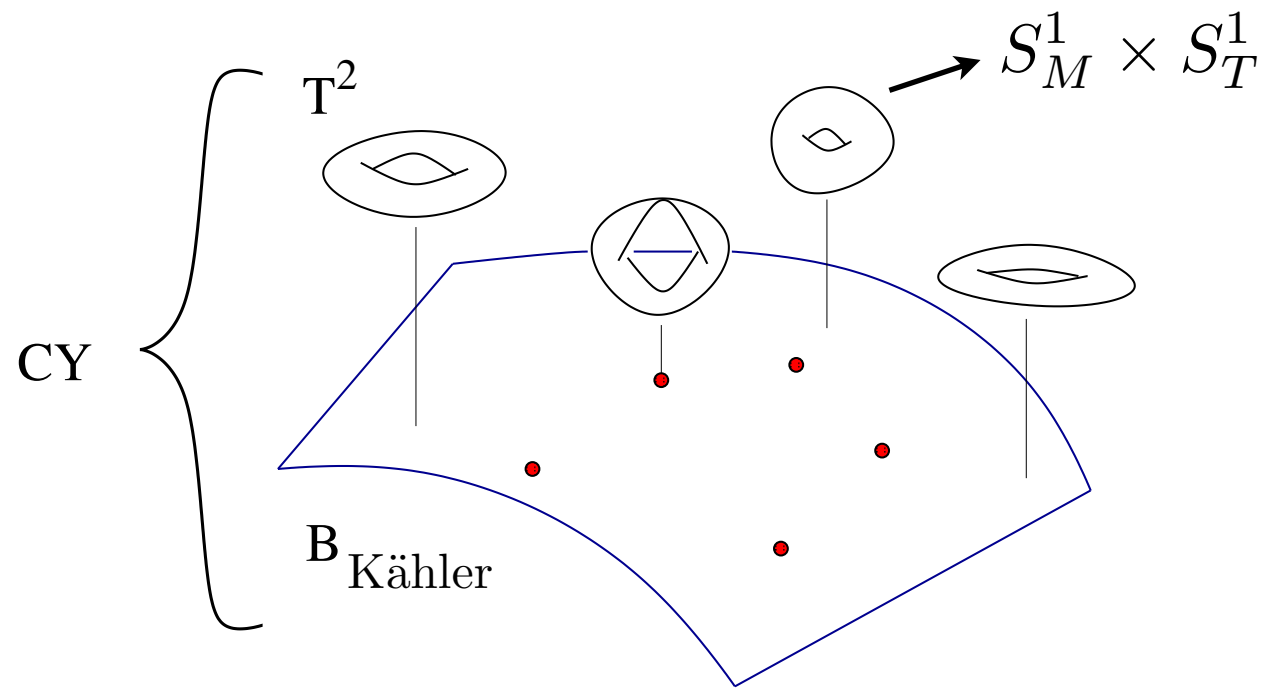
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F-theory on $\mathbb{R}^{1,3} \times \text{CY}_4$ “defined as” M-theory on elliptic CY_4 in the limit of vanishing fiber volume

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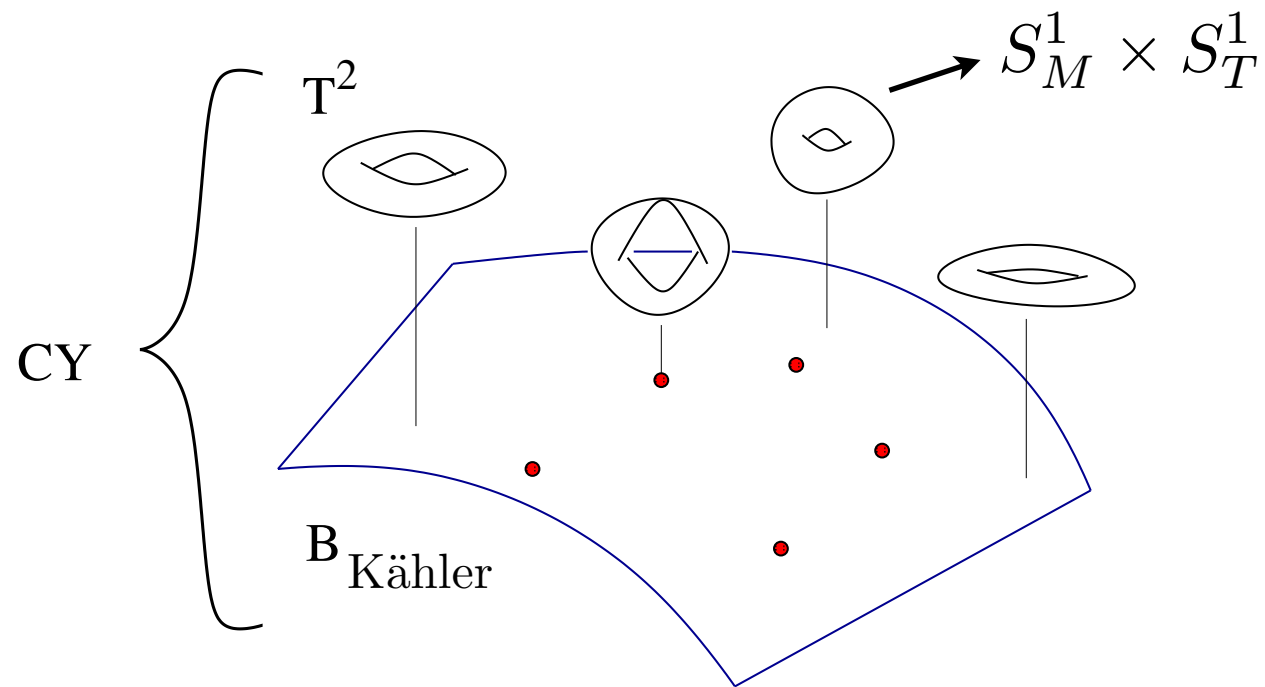
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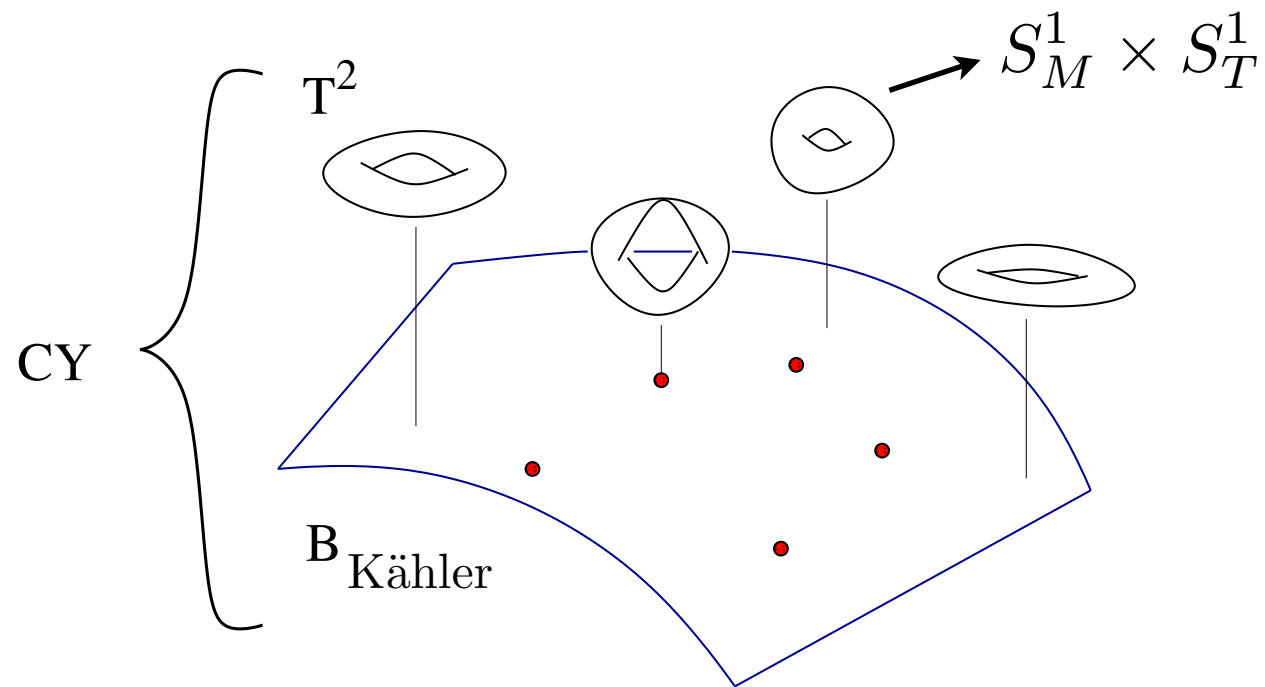


- Reduce M \rightarrow IIA on S_M^1
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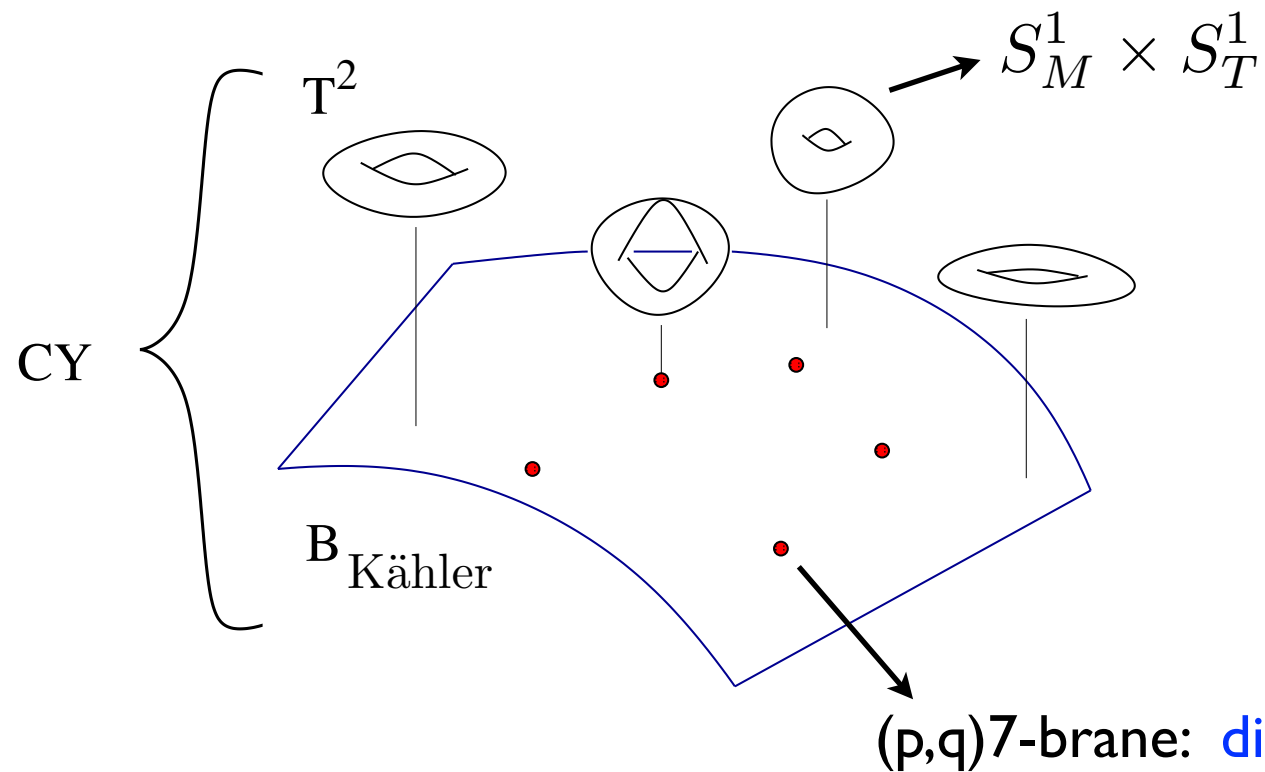
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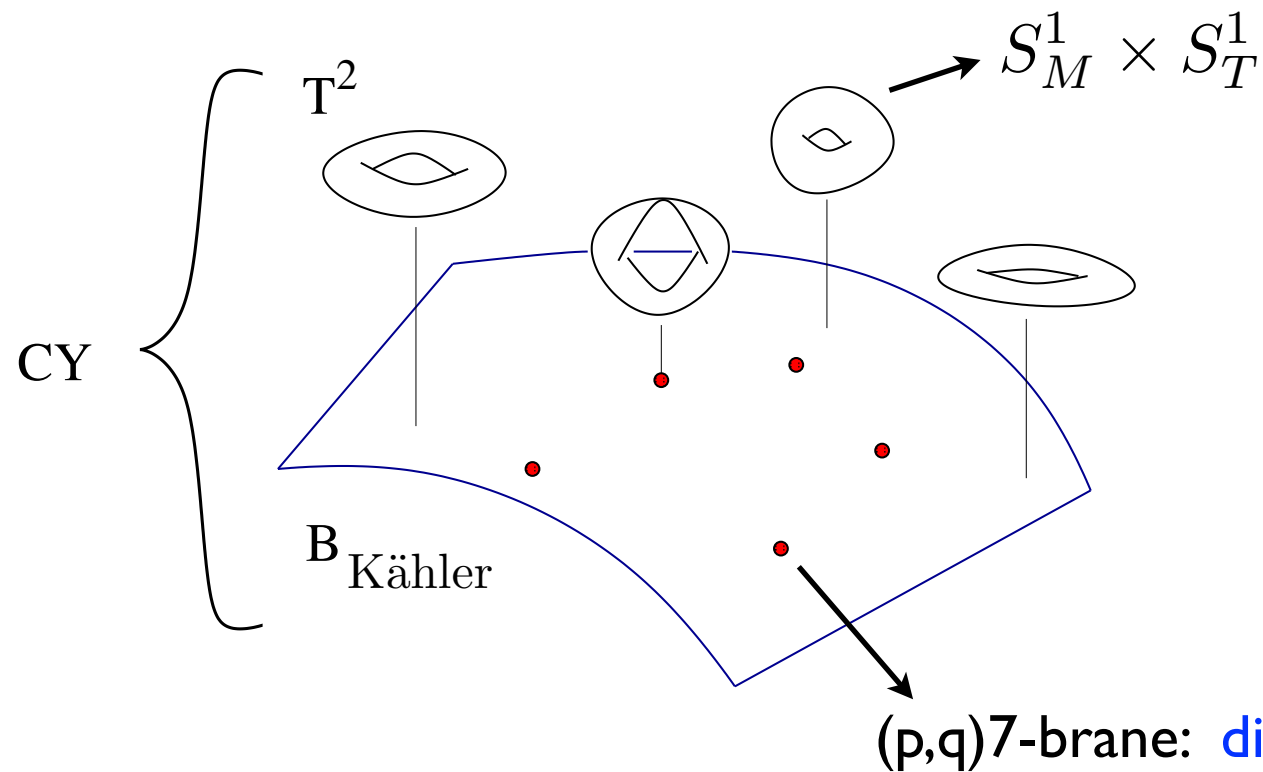
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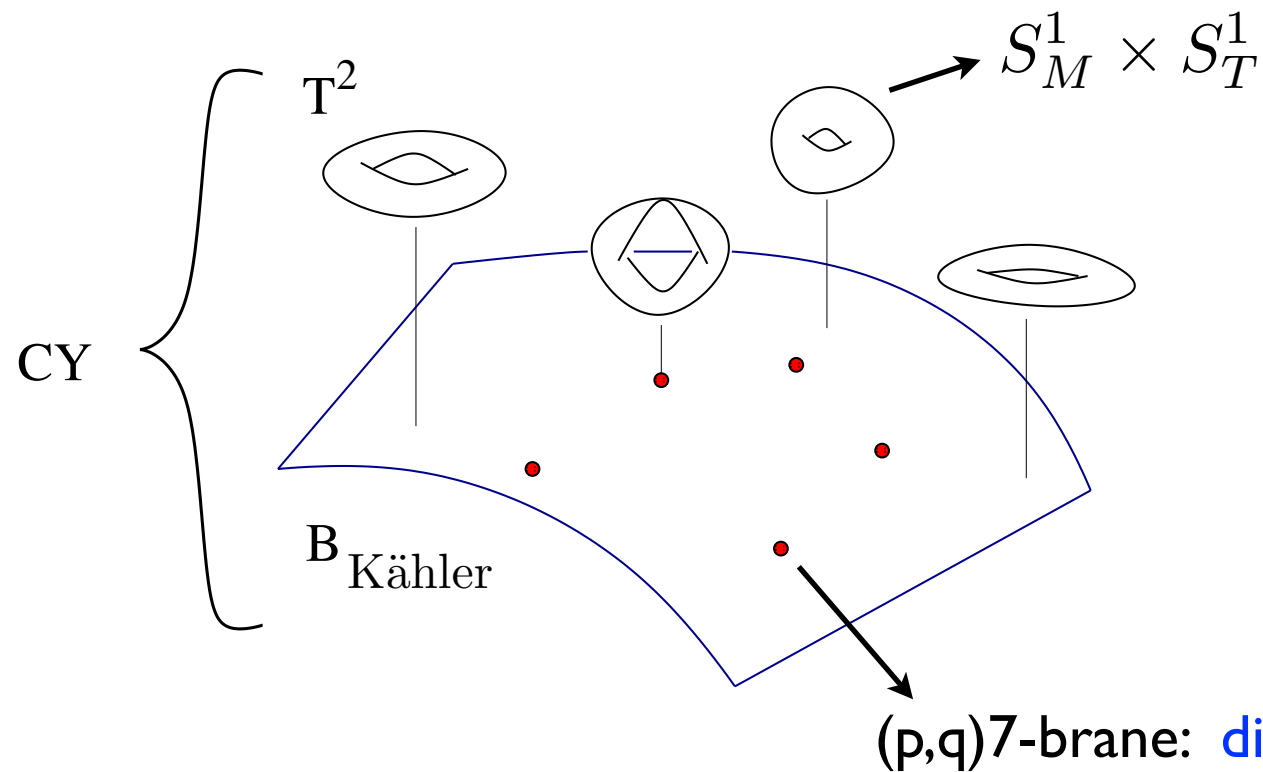
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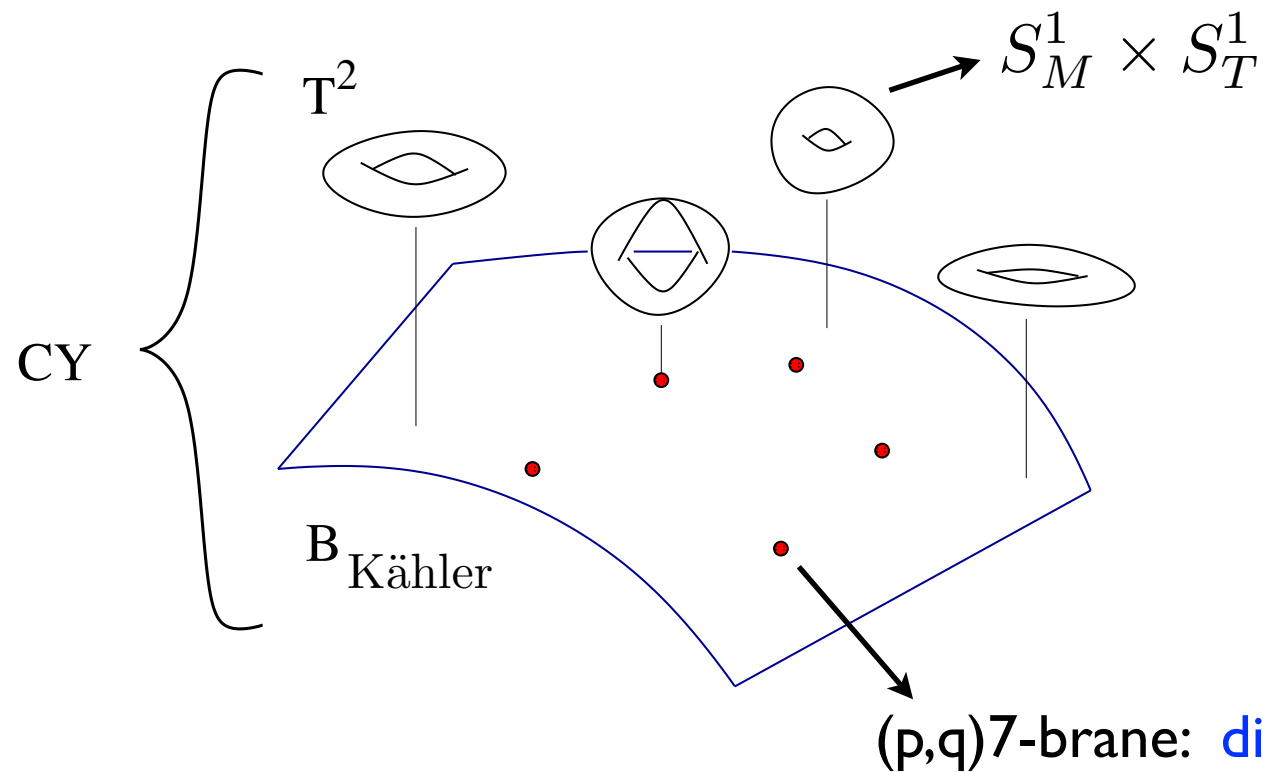
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4D Lorentz invariance

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G_4 must have one and only one leg along T^2

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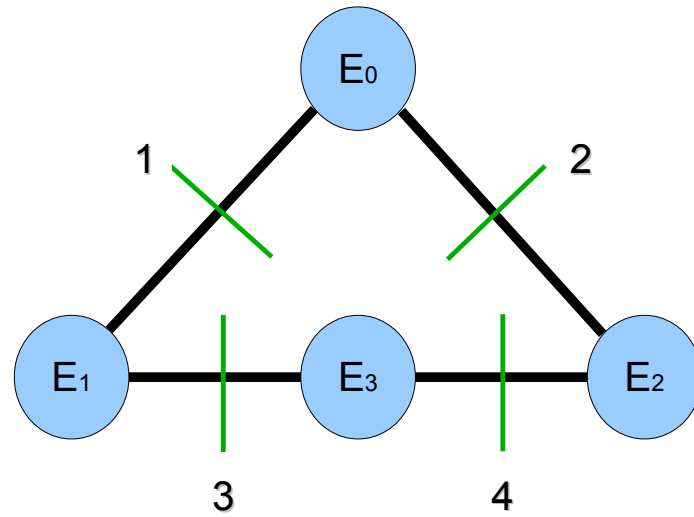
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detecting FW anomaly → detecting M2 anomaly

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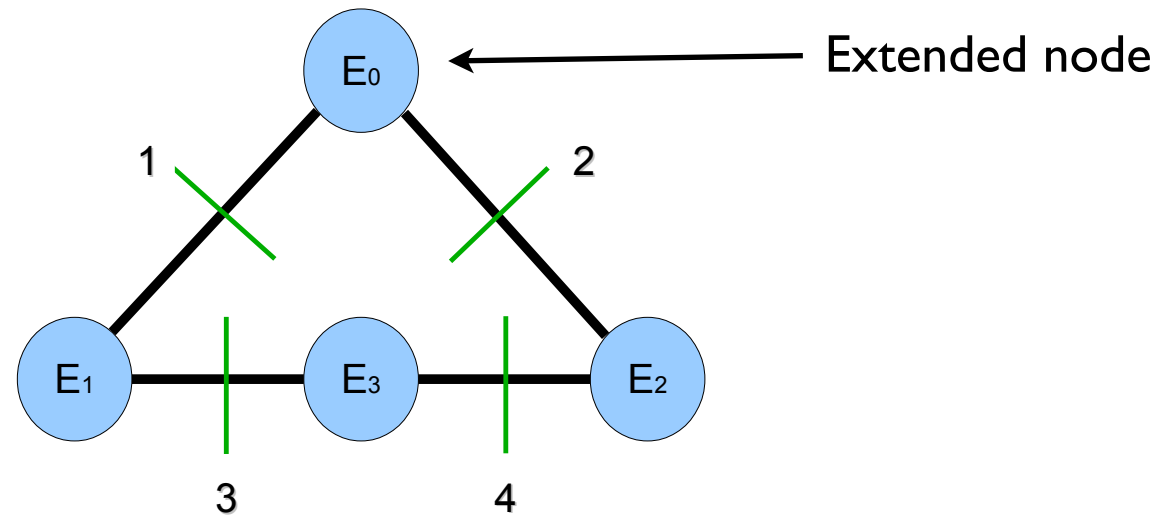
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Resolved fiber over $SU(4)$ locus \longleftrightarrow Affine Dynkin diagram of $SU(4)$



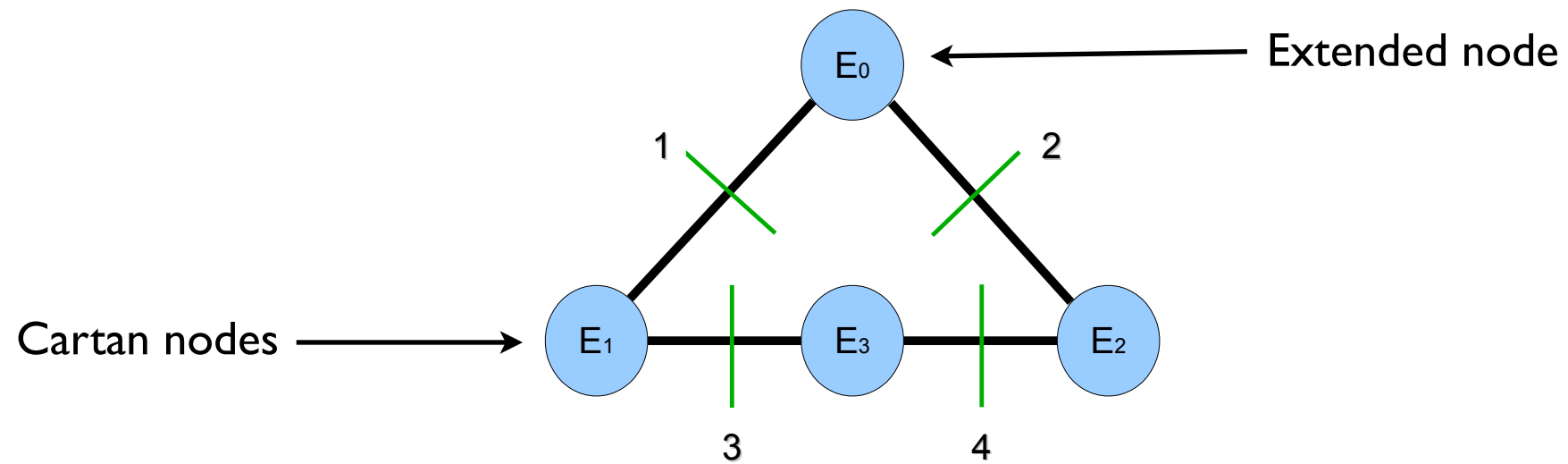
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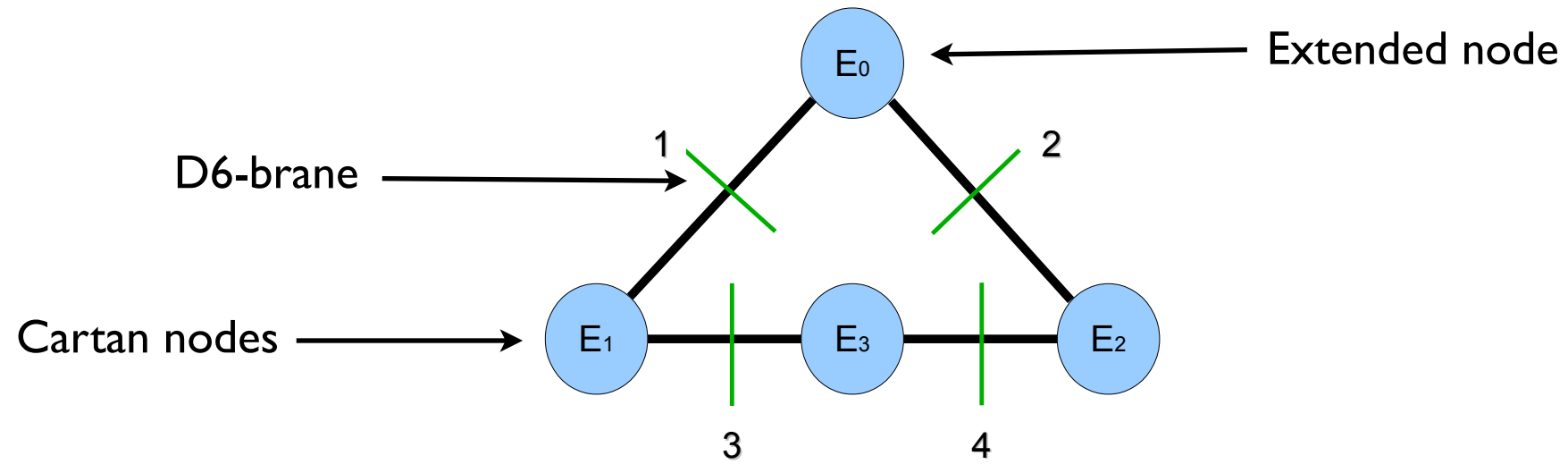
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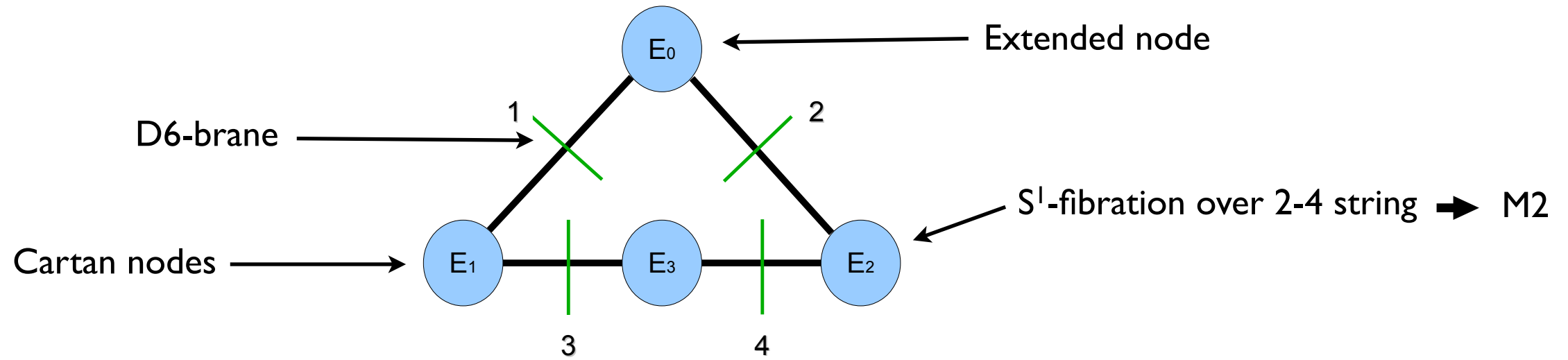
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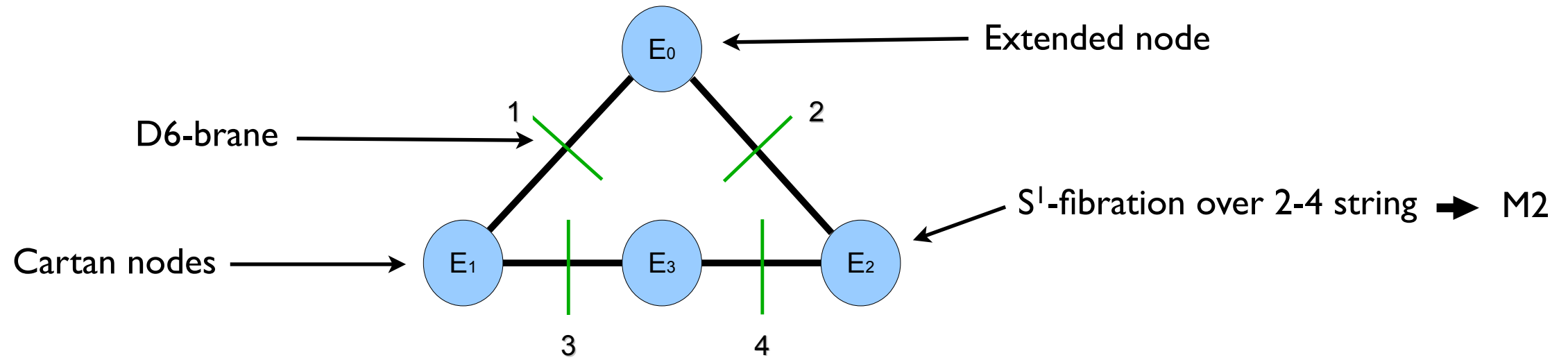
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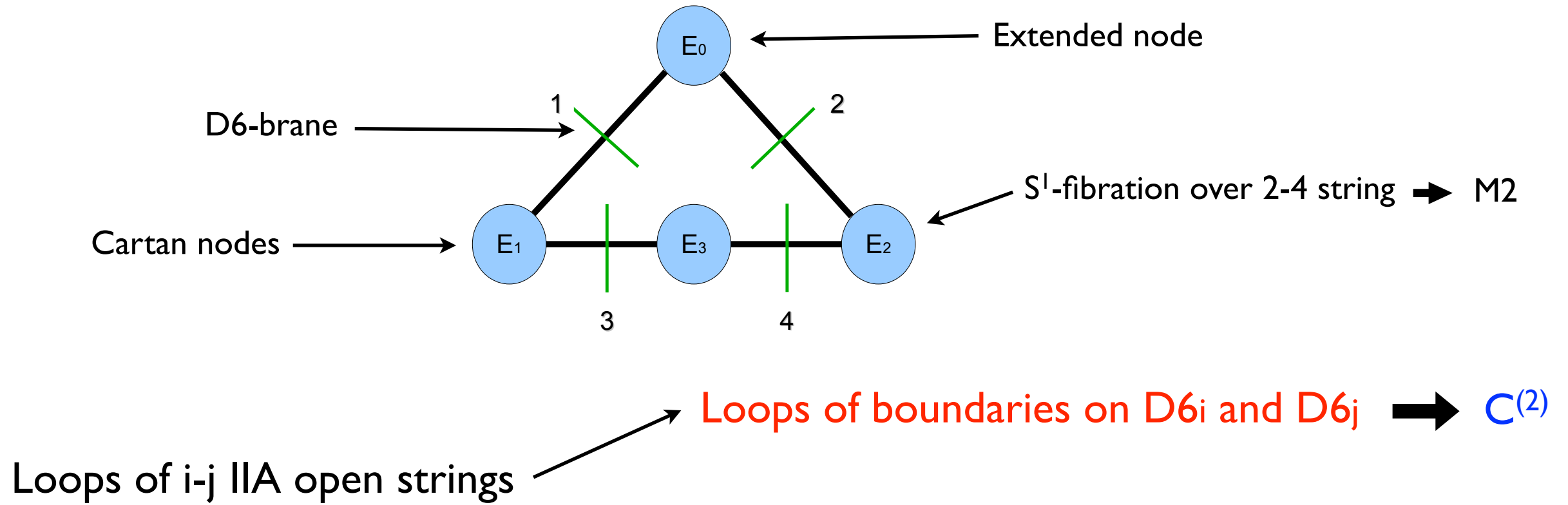
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Loops of i - j IIA open strings

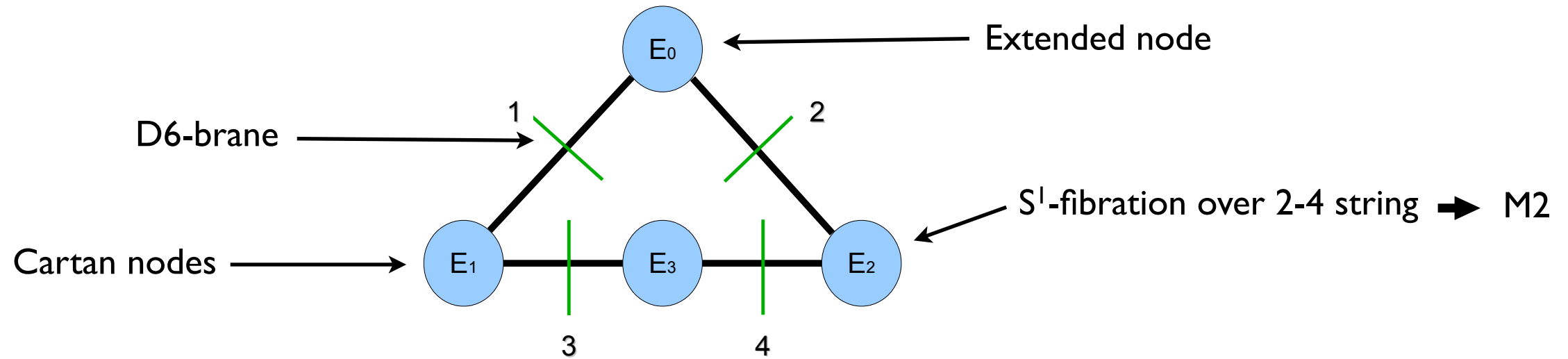
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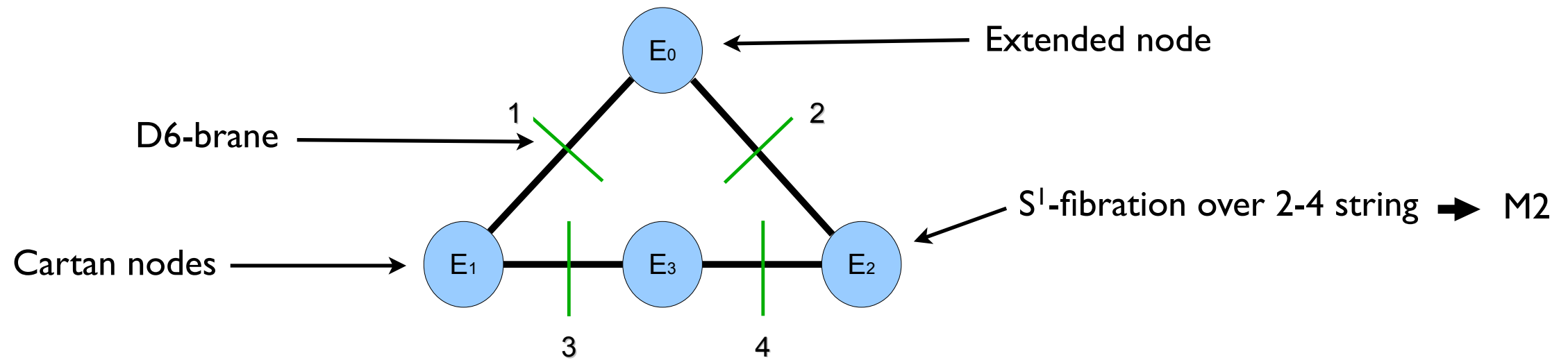
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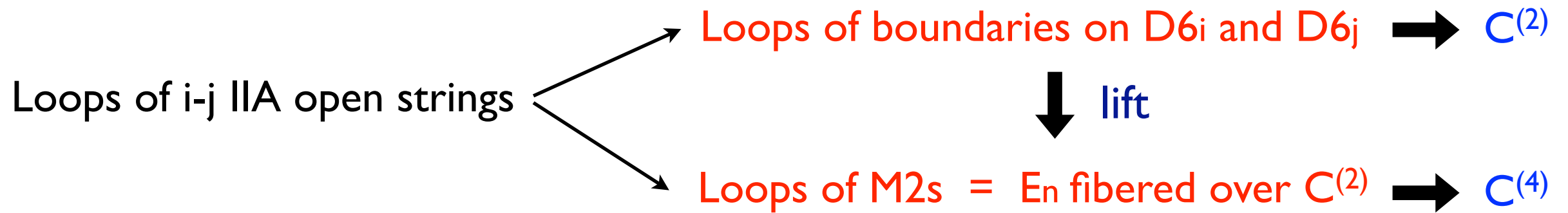
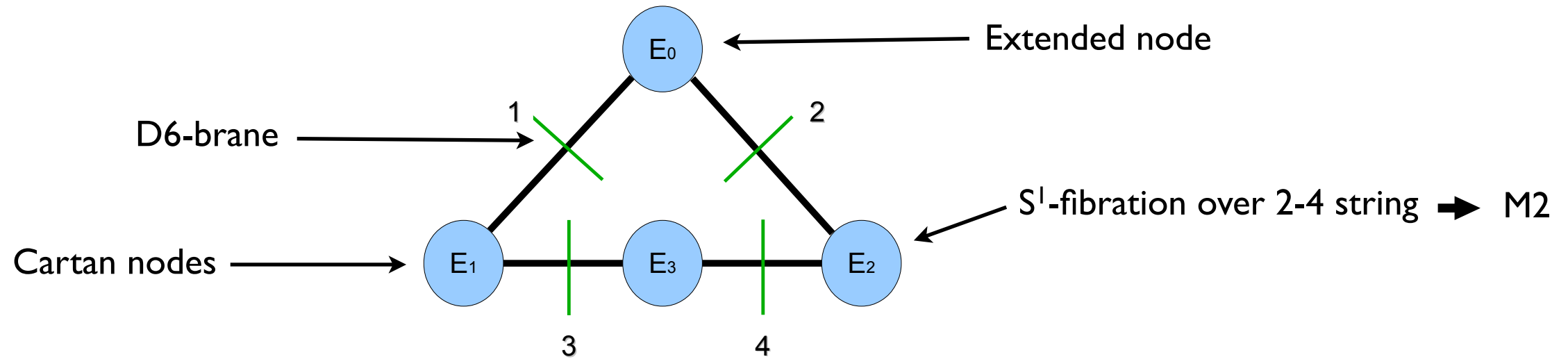


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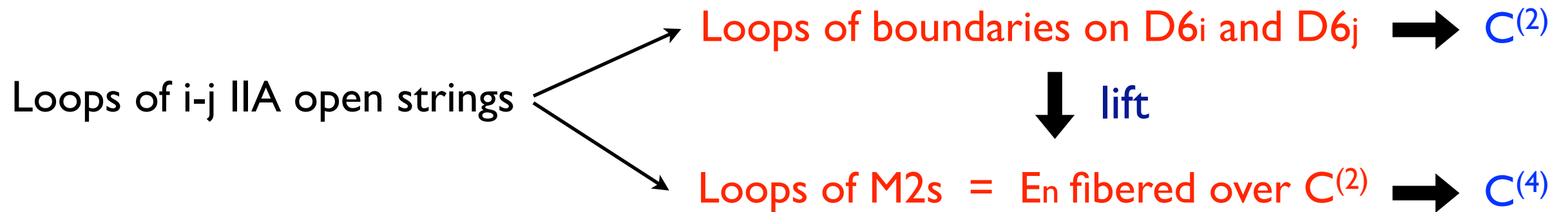
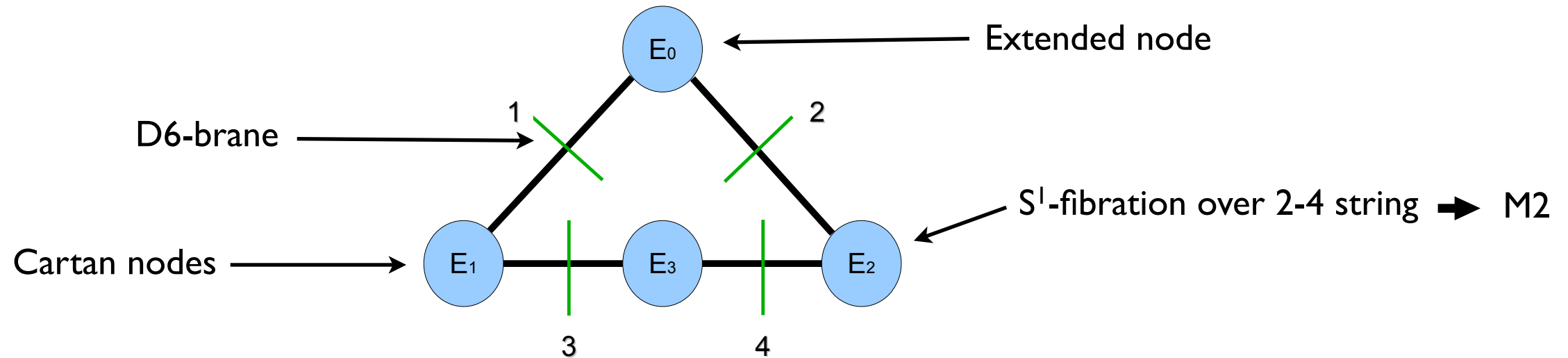
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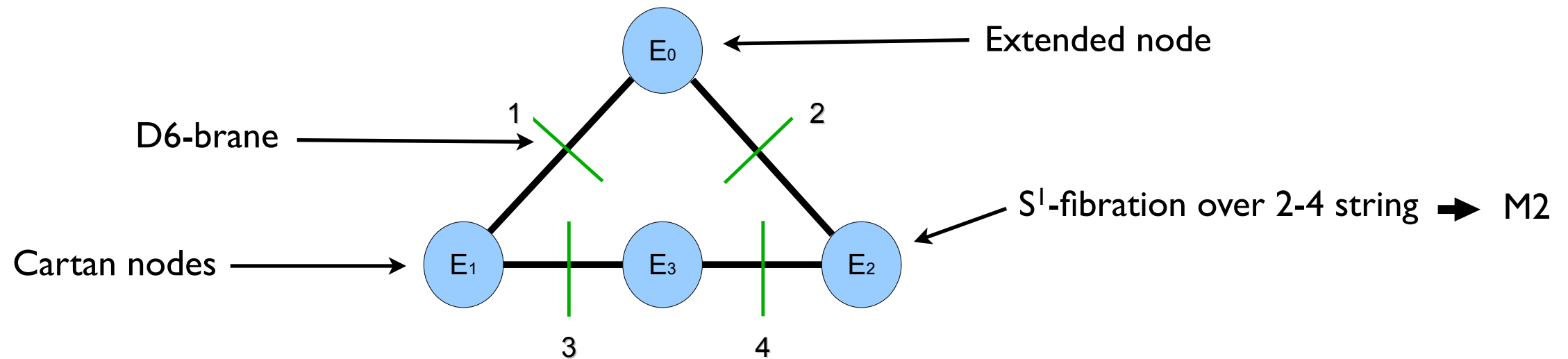
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$C^{(4)}$ complete-intersection $\rightarrow \int_{C^{(4)}} c_2$ is even

S.Krause, C.Mayrhofer, T.Weigand '12

Strategy:

Strategy: Use a node interpolating between a brane of the stack and a fluxless brane

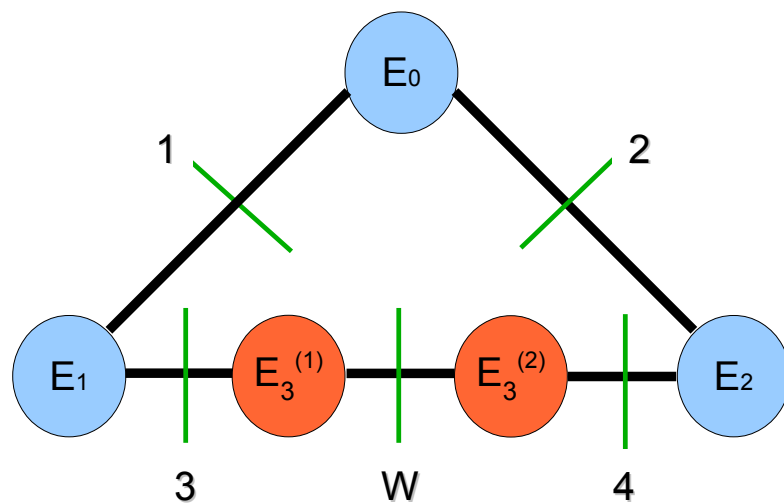
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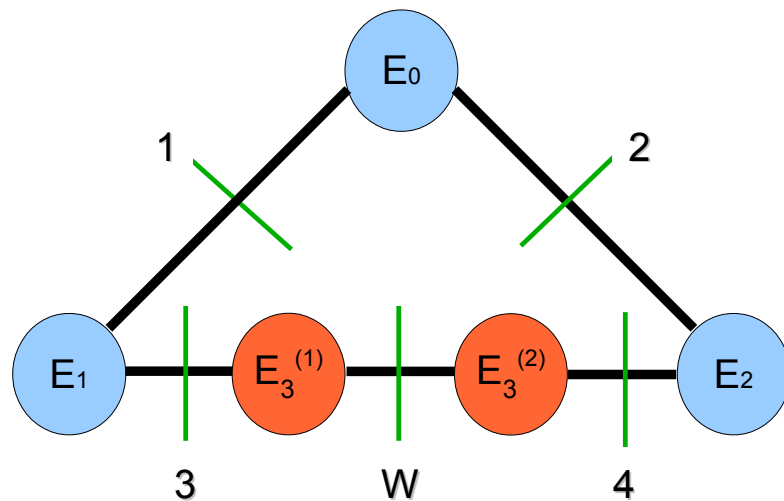
Such nodes pop up along the “fundamental-matter” curve $S \cap W \subset CY_3$



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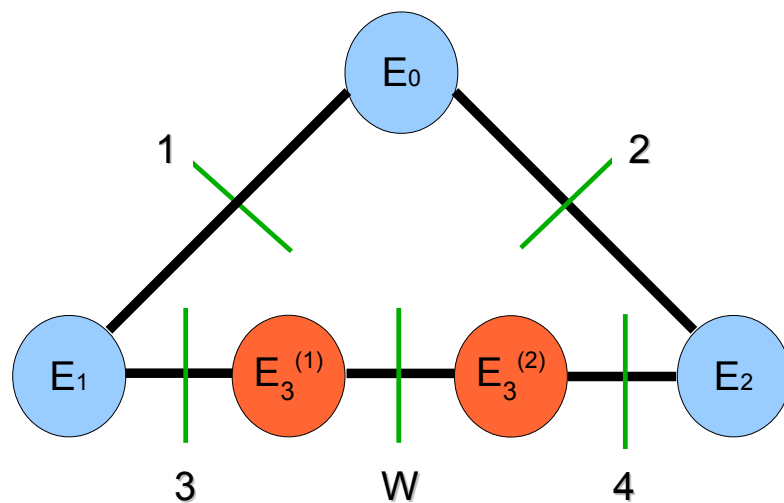


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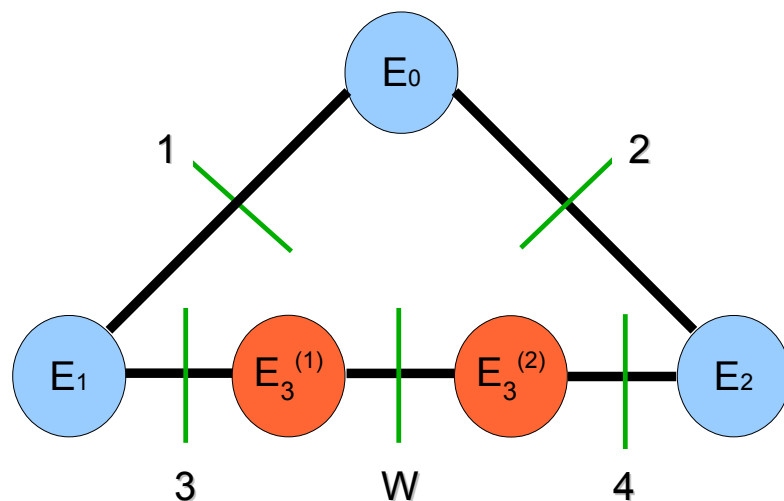


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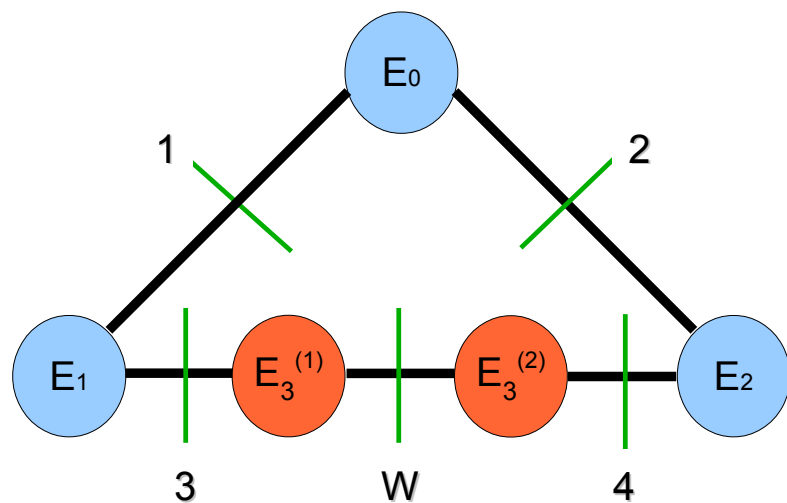
Mathematically: $H_H^{2,2}(CY_4) \cap H^4(CY_4, \mathbb{Z}) \neq 0$

A.Braun, A.Collinucci, R.Valandro '11

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They are:

$$E_{3(1,2)} \longrightarrow C^{(4)} \\ \downarrow \\ C^{(2)}$$

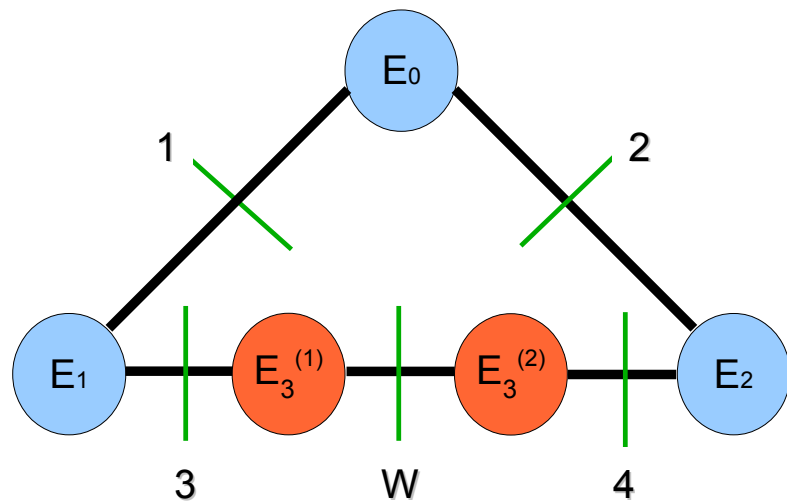
➔ **NOT** matter surfaces!

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→ Some **integral** 4-classes of CY_4 acquire **holomorphic** representatives

Mathematically: $H_H^{2,2}(CY_4) \cap H^4(CY_4, \mathbb{Z}) \neq 0$ A.Braun, A.Collinucci, R.Valandro '11

They are: $E_{3(1,2)} \rightarrow C^{(4)}$
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→ **NOT** matter surfaces!

→ $\int_{C^{(4)}} \frac{c_2}{2} \sim \int_{C^{(2)} \subset D6_3} F|_3$

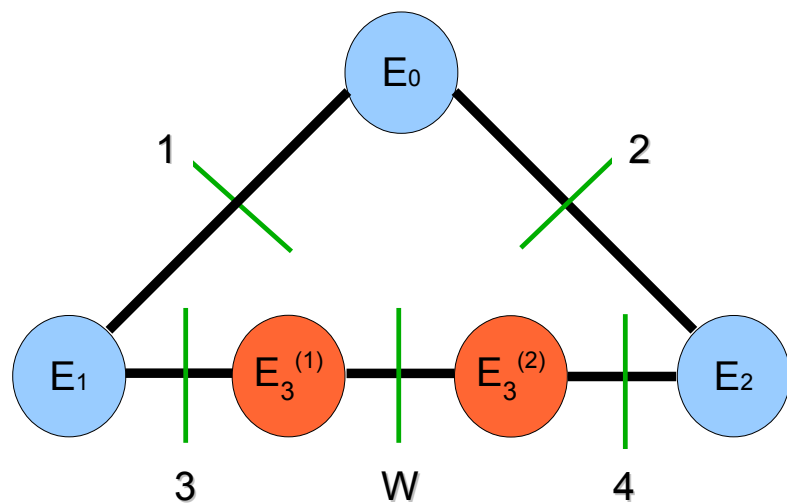
General result for $SU(2N)$ $N \geq 2$

$$\int_{C^{(4)}} c_2(CY_4) = \int_{C^{(2)}} 6c_1(B) - (2N - 1)S$$

Strategy: Use a node interpolating between a brane of the stack and a fluxless brane

Natural candidate: $O(1)$ invariant D7-brane W with “Whitney Umbrella” shape

Such nodes pop up along the “fundamental-matter” curve $S \cap W \subset CY_3$



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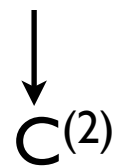


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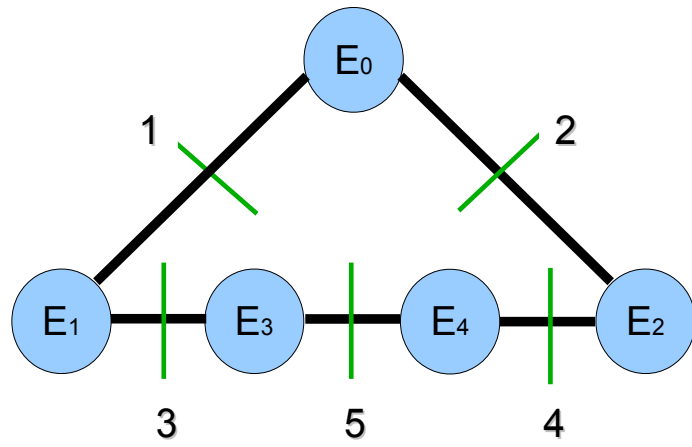
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Same procedure applies for the $Sp(N)$ series

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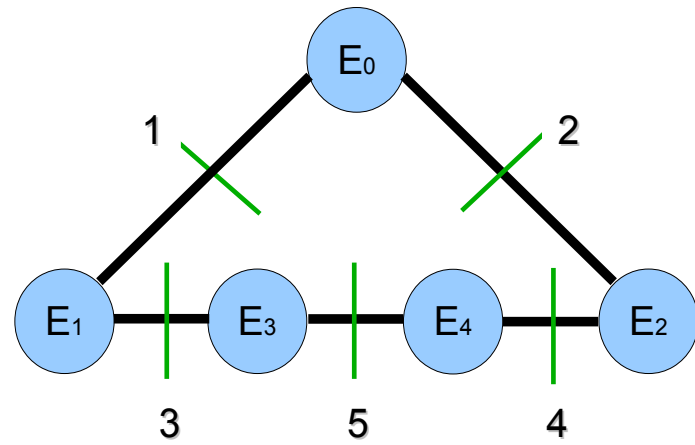
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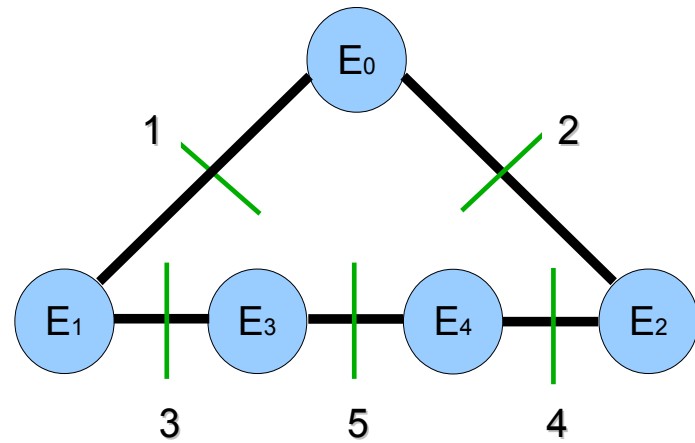
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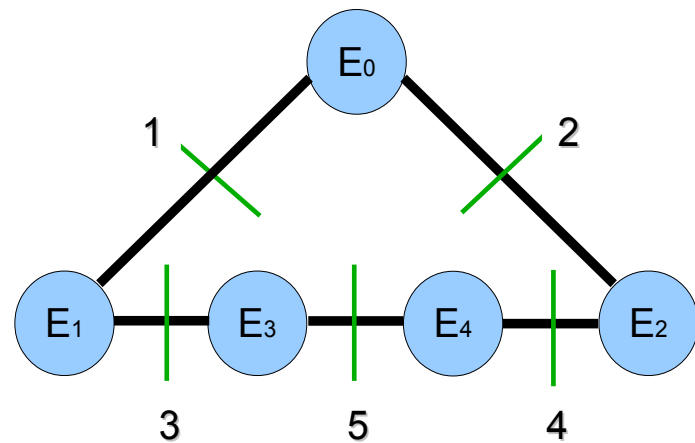
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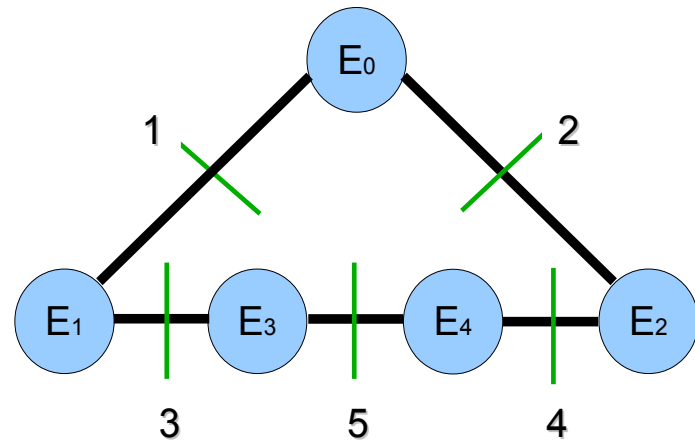
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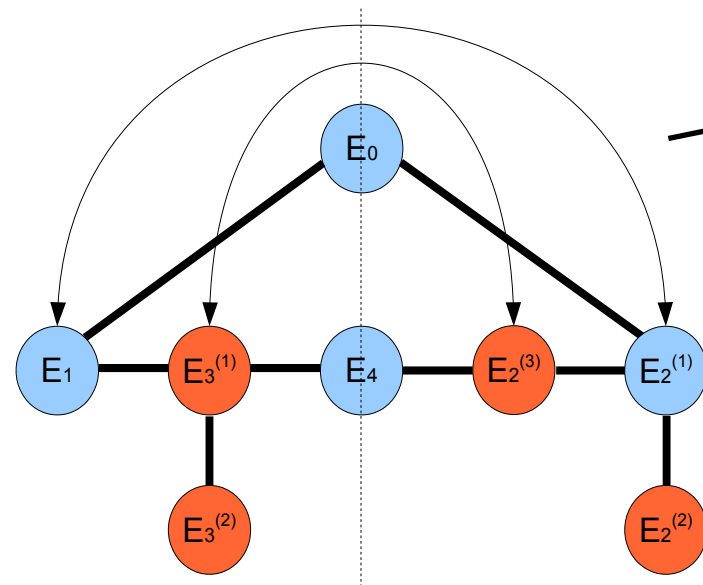
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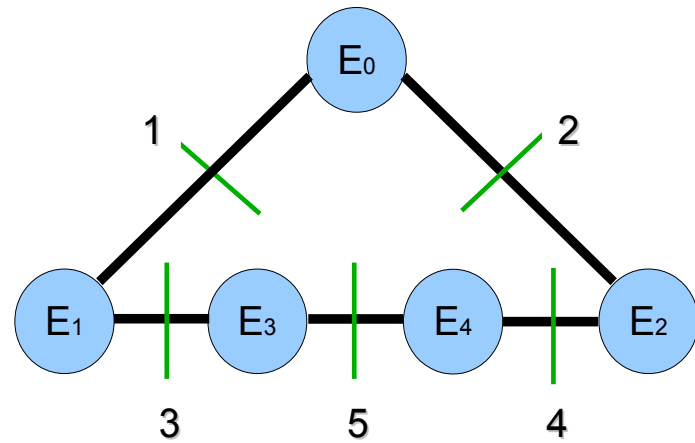


➔ Affine Dynkin diagram of $SO(10)$

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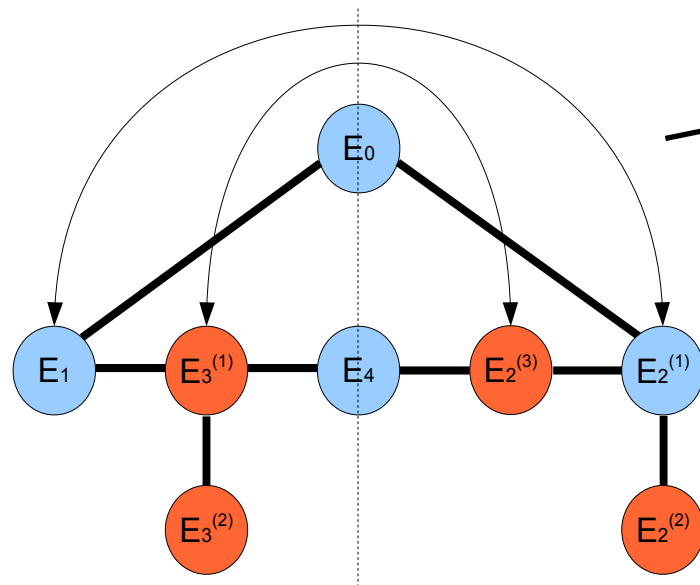
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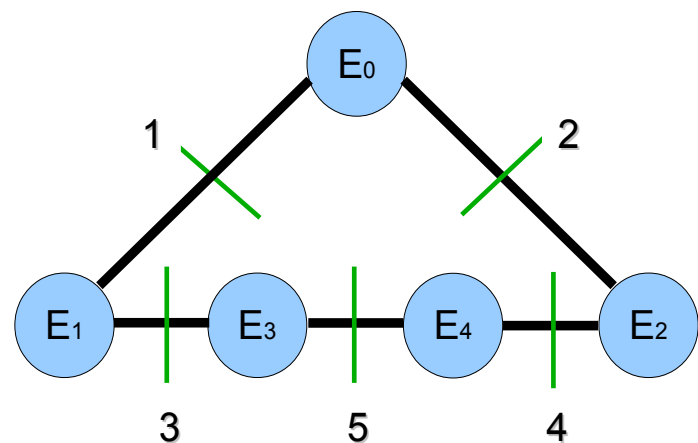
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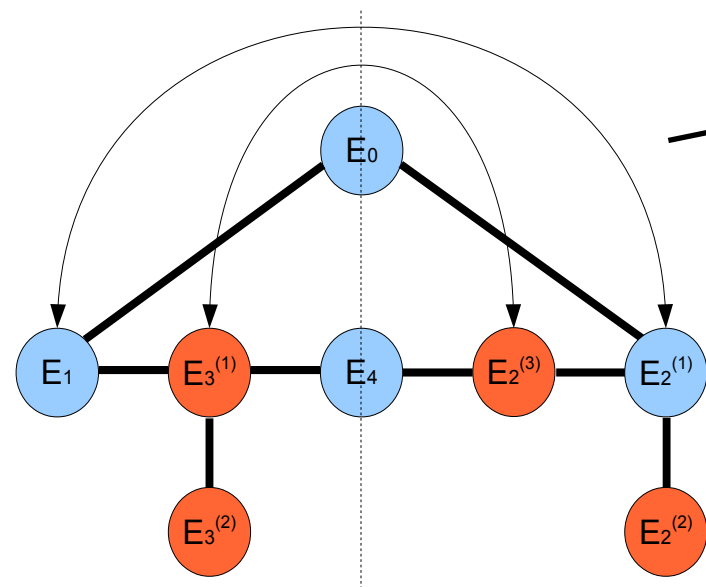
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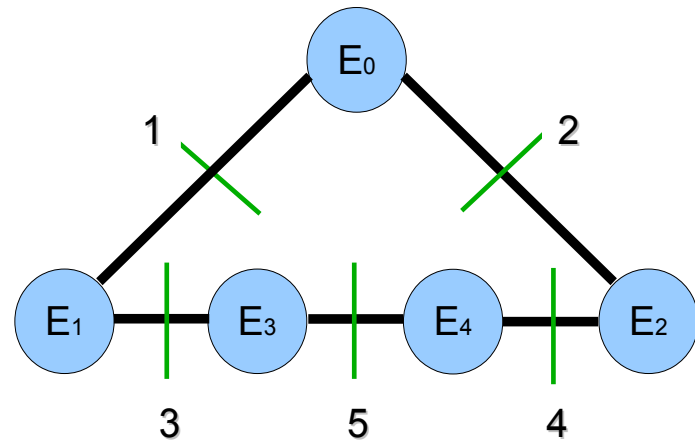
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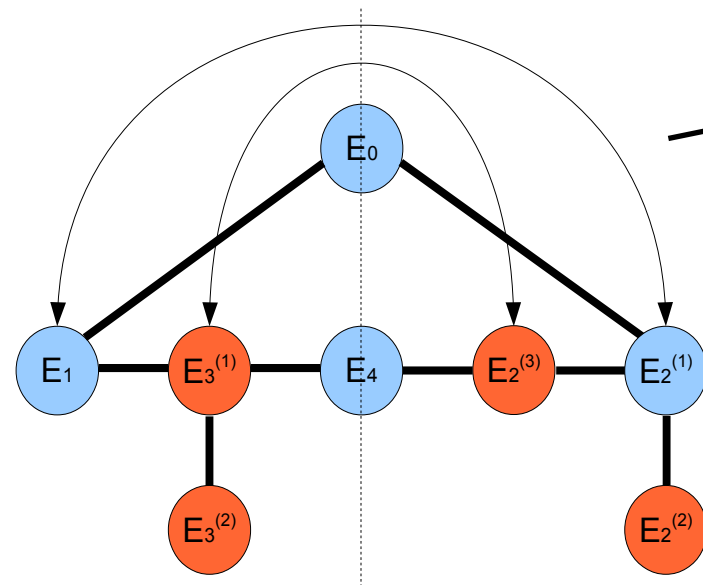
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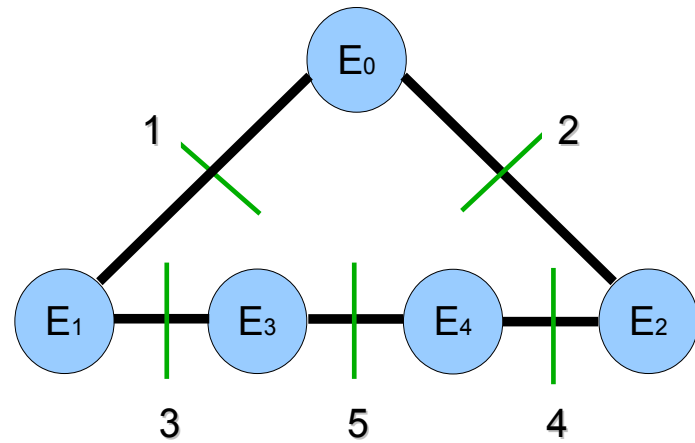
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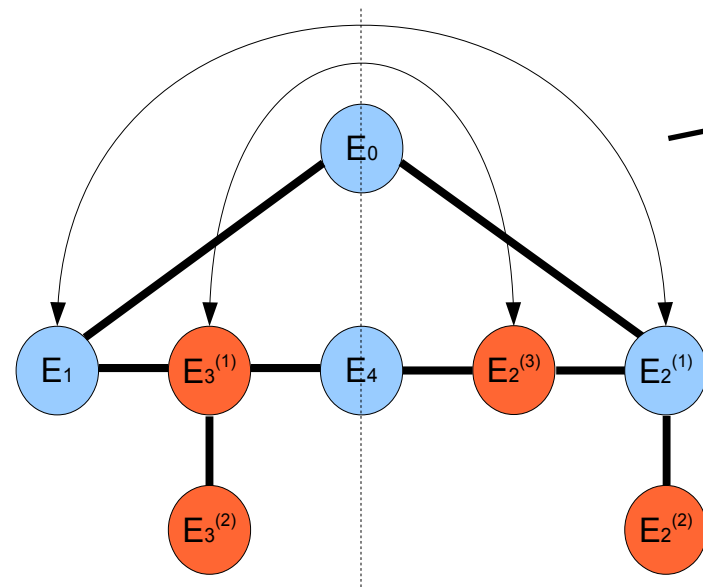
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This procedure works also for the $SU(2N)$ series and lends better itself to treating the “ **$U(1)$ -restricted**” cases.

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