Twisted cohomology and Gauss-Manin connections. Given R: Ring (185) and n: \mathbb{N} (111), the **ordinary cohomology** with

coefficients R in degree n is (cf. [Ca15, §3. 2][Wä, §4.1], coefficients degree) ordinary implementated in Agda: [BLM22]) the 0-truncation $[-]_0 R$ (127) of the function type (64) into the *n*-fold delooping $\mathbf{B}^{n}(-)$ (194) of the underlying abelian group (187).

Under the dictionary of §5.1, this type construction clearly interprets as the traditional notion of ordinary cohomology (Lit. 2.15, cf. discussion and references in [FSS20-Cha, Ex. 1.0.2]).

Given furthermore a *twist* $\tau: X \to \mathbf{B}R^{\times}$ (188), we say (for the second version (198) cf. [vD18, Def. 5.4.2]) that the τ -twisted ordinary cohomology of X with coefficients in R is:

$$\begin{cases} \text{coefficients degree} \\ R: \text{Ring, } n: \mathbb{N}, \\ X: \text{Type, } \tau: X \to \mathbf{B}R^{\times} \\ \text{domain} \\ \text{twist} \end{cases} \right\} \qquad \vdash \qquad \begin{aligned} \text{twisted cohomology} \\ H^{n+\tau}(X; R) &:= \left[(t: \mathbf{B}R^{\times}) \to \left(\operatorname{fib}_{t}(\tau) \to \mathbf{B}^{n}(\overset{(195)}{\complement}_{t}R_{udl}) \right) \right]_{0} : \text{Type} \end{aligned}$$
(197)

$$\simeq \left[\underbrace{(t:\mathbf{B}R^{\times})\times(x_{t}:\mathrm{fib}_{t}(\tau)))}_{(x:X) (106)} \to \underbrace{\mathbf{B}^{n}(\mathcal{C}_{t}R_{\mathrm{udl}})}_{(\tau^{*}\mathbf{B}(R^{\times}\mathcal{C}R_{\mathrm{udl}}))(x)}\right]_{0}:\mathrm{Type}$$
(198)

Under the dictionary of §5.1, this type construction interprets as the traditional notion of twisted ordinary cohomology (Lit. 2.15), see the discussion and references in [NSS12a, Rem. 4.22] and [SS20-Orb, Rem. 2.94][FSS20-Cha, Ex. 2.0.5]:



For the construction of Gauss-Manin connections from §4.2, we are to furthermore consider B-indexed families of such twisted cohomology types (199). Remarkably, in the syntax of homotopy types this is a triviality that amounts to introducing a type B into the context and having the terms X and τ depend on it:

Definition 5.16 (Gauss-Manin transport on fibrations of twisted cohomology groups). We say that the type of *fibrations of* twisted ordinary cohomology sets is:

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{coefficients degree parameter base} \\ R: \text{Ring, } n: \mathbb{N}, B: \text{Type,} \\ X_{(-)}: B \to \text{Type, } \tau_{(-)}: (b:B) \to (X_b \to \mathbf{B}R^{\times}) \\ \text{fibration of domains} & \text{family of twists} \end{array} \right\} \quad \vdash \quad \begin{array}{c} \text{twisted cohomology} \\ H^{n+\tau_{(-)}}(X_{(-)}; R) :\equiv \\ & \left[(t:\mathbf{B}R^{\times}) \to \left(\underbrace{\text{fib}_t(\tau_{(-)})}_{\text{fib}_{(-,t)}(\text{pr}_X, \tau)} \to \mathbf{B}^n(\zeta_t R_{\text{udl}}) \right) \right]_0 : B \to \text{Type} \end{array}$$
(200)

Given such, its *Gauss-Manin monodromy* is the corresponding transport (74) over the base type B:

$$GMTransport : \prod_{b_1, b_2: B} \left(Id_B(b_1, b_2) \longrightarrow \left(H^{n+\tau_{b_1}}(X_{b_1}; R) \xrightarrow{\sim} H^{n+\tau_{b_2}}(X_{b_2}; R) \right) \right).$$

$$(b_1 \xrightarrow{p_{12}} b_2) \longmapsto (p_{12})_*$$

$$(201)$$

By Thm. 4.13 and under the dictionary in §5.1, this is the type-theoretic construction whose denotational semantics is the parallel transport/monodromy of Gauss-Manin connections on fibrations of twisted ordinary cohomology sets.